EARLY ADOPTERS

State Approaches to Testing School Drinking Water for Lead in the United States





Summary of Program Features

Washington initiated a school drinking water lead testing policy in 2017. This summary is based on a review of program documents collected between January 2018 - June 2018 and communication with Washington state contacts.



School Drinking Water Testing Policy/Program Overview

Policy/Program Feature	Information from Policy/ Program Documents	Additional Information from Communication with State
Background		
Name	Lead Proviso ¹	
Date(s) of Water Policy/Program	2017 to 2019 ¹	
Issuing Authority	State government department ¹	
Agency Responsible for Program Management	Washington State Department of Health ^{1,2}	
Policy or Program	Policy ¹	
One-time or Surveillance Program	Not specified	
Mandatory/Voluntary for Schools	Voluntary¹	
Partnership with Local/Community Water Supplier/System	Yes, required ²	
Other Key Partnerships	Not specified	Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI) has a grant program to address issues identified by sampling ³
References or Uses the EPA 3Ts	Yes ⁴	
Program Coverage		
School Type (Public, private, charter)	Public schools ¹	
Grade Levels	Kindergarten – grade 5¹	
Includes Testing for Lead	Yes ¹	
Includes Treatment/Remediation	Yes, recommendation ¹	
Schools Eligible to Participate		
All schools		
Schools of a certain building age	Not specified	
Schools that serve certain ages/ demographics	Yes, Kindergarten – grade 5¹	
Schools that are their own local/ community water supplier	Not specified	Yes ³
Schools that use local/community water supplier	Yes ²	
Schools that have not received a waiver	Not specified	
Other	Schools that have never tested or tested within the last three years ¹	
Funding		
Funding Source	State government (general fund) ¹	
Funding Amount	\$3,000,0001	
Covers Sampling at Taps	Yes ¹	
Covers Testing in Lab	Yes ¹	
Covers Treatment/Remediation	Not specified	No, funding does not cover remediation, but OSPI has available funds that cover

Sampling Information

Policy/Program Feature	Information from Policy/Program Documents	Additional Information from Communication with State
Background		
Sampling/Testing Process One-Time or Recurring	One-time¹	
Number of Buildings/Facilities Sampled (All or a Portion?)	Not specified	181 schools as of May 29, 2018, goal of 500 by June 30, 2019 of the 3,000 public elementary schools in
Types of Taps Sampled	Drinking ^{2,4} and cooking ²	
Number of Taps Sampled Per School/ Building (All or a Portion?)	Other (the more, the better) ²	A portion (all used for drinking and cooking) ³
Initial Sampling at Taps		
Stagnation Period	8 to 18 hours ²	8 to 18 hours, or longer per 3T's guidance ³
First Draw	Yes ²	
Flushing Period	Not specified	
Second Draw (Flushed Sample)	Not specified	
Additional Initial Samples	Not specified	
Sample Size of Water	250 mL ²	
Action Level for Lead	20 ppb ²	
Action Required When Samples Excee	ed Action Level for Lead	
Follow-Up Draws	Yes, where initial results were elevated ²	
Flushing Period	30 seconds ²	
Sample Size of Water	250 mL ²	
Additional Draws	Not specified	

Testing/Remediation/Communication Information

Policy/Program Feature	Information from Policy/Program Documents	Additional Information fro Communication with State	
Testing			
Type of Lab Used for Testing	Accredited lab ^{2,4}	State public health lab³	
Sample(s) that Require Action if Results are Elevated	First draw ²		
Remediation			
Short-Term Measures	Recommendation to include measures;¹ Yes, EPA-approved measures are listed⁴		
Long -Term Measures	Recommendation to include measures;¹ Yes, EPA-approved measures are listed⁴		
Communication			
Groups Notified of Test Results	Parents, general public, ^{1,4} school staff and students ⁴		
Type of Results Shared (outlet level, building level, school level)	Not specified	Washington State Open Data Portal – Outlet level data ³	3



Sources:

- 1. Washington Department of Health. Proviso Language Lead; 2017. SSB 5883: Section 219, Sub-Section 20. Received by email on March 27, 2018.
- 2. Washington State Department of Health. Testing for Lead in School Drinking Water Systems. May 2016. https://www.doh.wa.gov/Portals/1/Documents/Pubs/331-261.pdf. Accessed March 5, 2018.
- 3. Email Communication with Washington State Department of Health. June 2018.
- 4. Washington State Department of Health. Information for Schools Lead in School Drinking Water. DOH.WA.Gov. https://www.doh.wa.gov/CommunityandEnvironment/DrinkingWater/Contaminants/LeadinSchools. Accessed March 5, 2018.

Citation:

Cradock AL, Poole MK, Vollmer LY, Barrett JL, Flax C, Hecht CA. State Approaches to Testing School Drinking Water for Lead in the United States [State Profile: Washington]. Boston, MA: Harvard Prevention Research Center on Nutrition and Physical Activity at the Harvard T.H. Chan School of Public Health; 2019. Available at https://www.hsph.harvard.edu/prc/projects/school-research/early-adopters. Address correspondence to Angie Cradock, ScD, MPE at acradock@hsph.harvard.edu.

The findings in this profile are based on the results of research commissioned by Healthy Eating Research (HER), a national program of the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation, through a rapid-response grant focused on addressing research gaps related to policies aimed at helping children achieve a healthy weight.