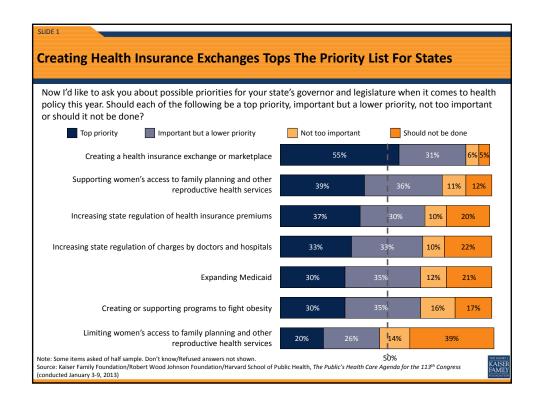


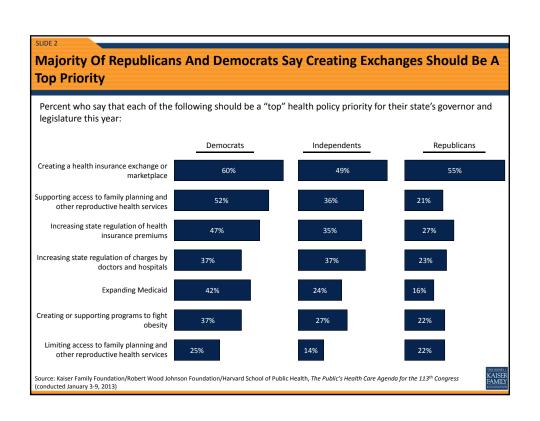


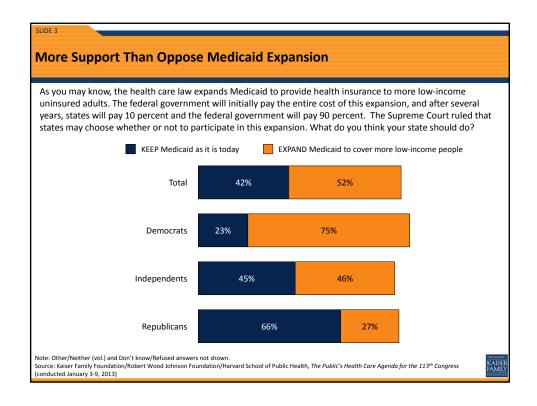
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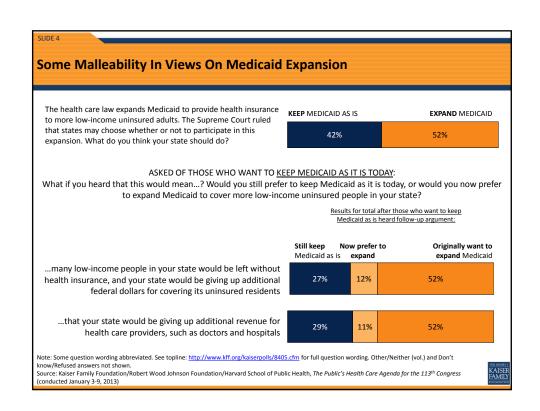
Kaiser Family Foundation/Robert Wood Johnson Foundation/Harvard School of Public Health

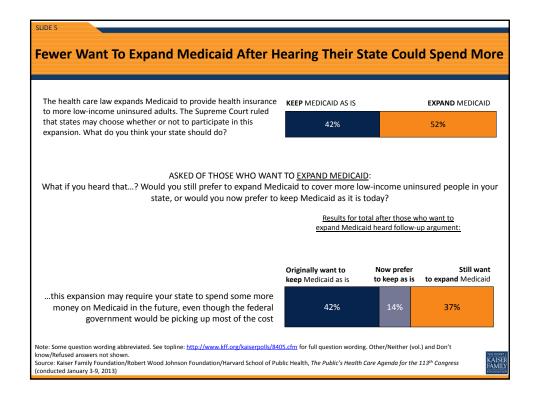
The Public's Health Care Agenda for the 113th Congress

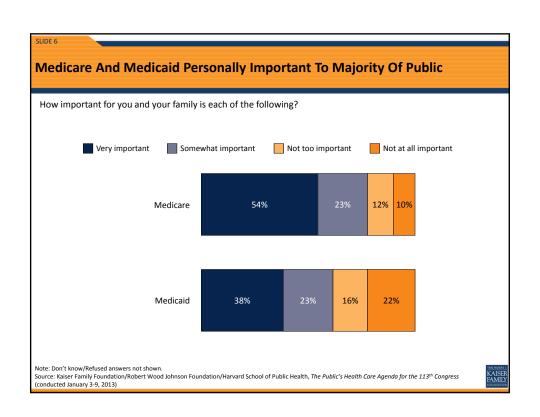


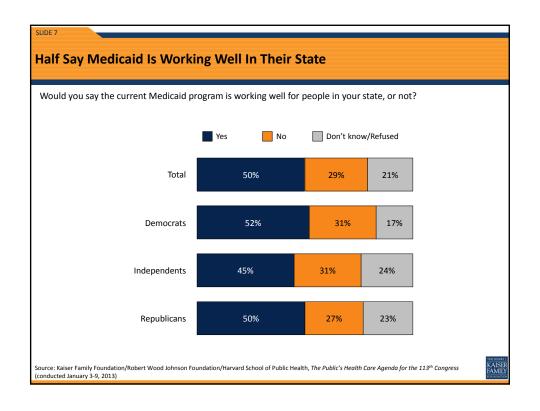


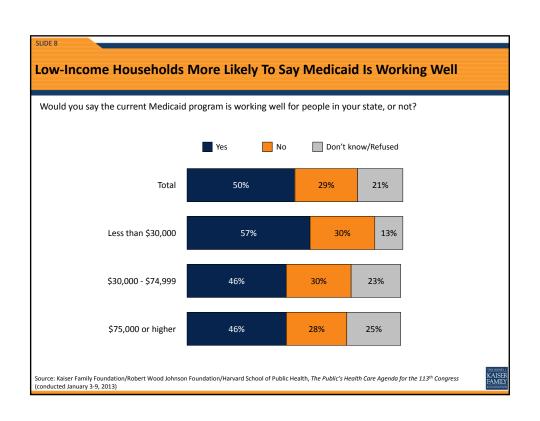


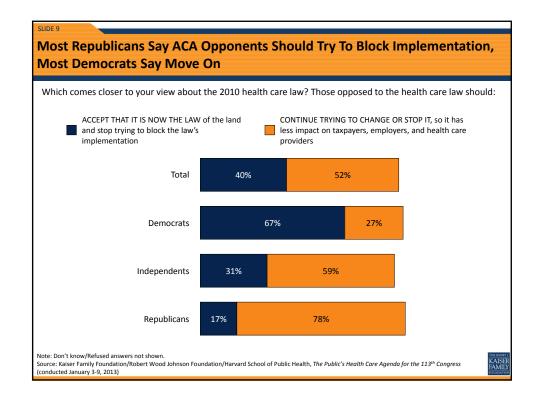


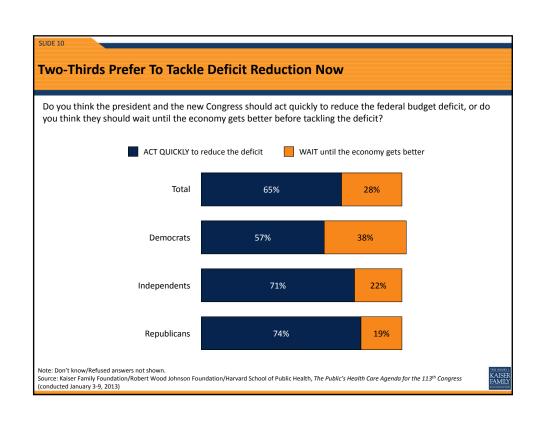


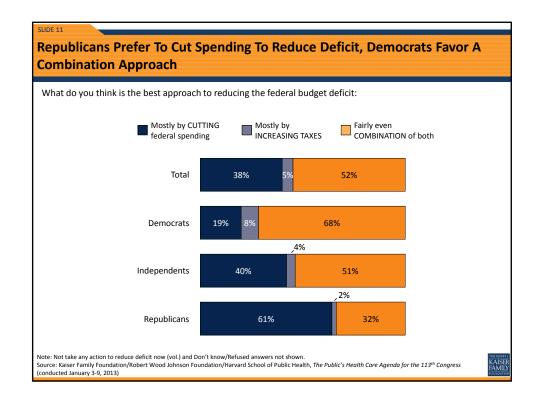


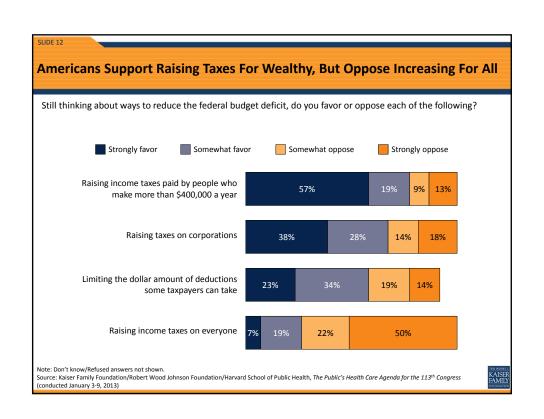












SLIDE 13

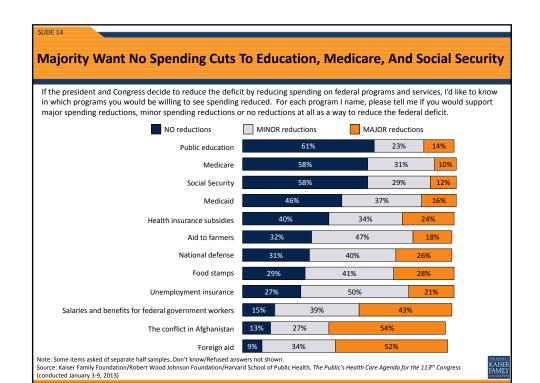
Most Popular Revenue Raiser Among All Parties? Higher Taxes For The Rich

Percent who say they favor each of the following as a way to reduce the federal budget deficit:

	Democrats	Independents	Republicans
Raising income taxes paid by people who make more than \$400,000 a year	89%	74%	60%
Raising taxes on corporations	81	62	49
Limiting the dollar amount of deductions some taxpayers can take	65	59	51
Raising income taxes on everyone	28	28	23

Source: Kaiser Family Foundation/Robert Wood Johnson Foundation/Harvard School of Public Health, The Public's Health Care Agenda for the 113th Congress (conducted January 3-9, 2013)





SLIDE 15

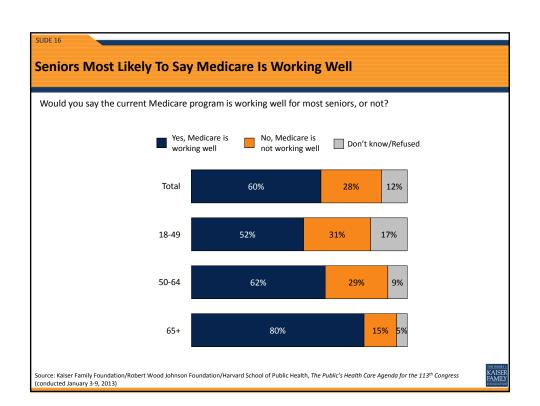
Majorities Agree: No Cuts To Medicare And Social Security

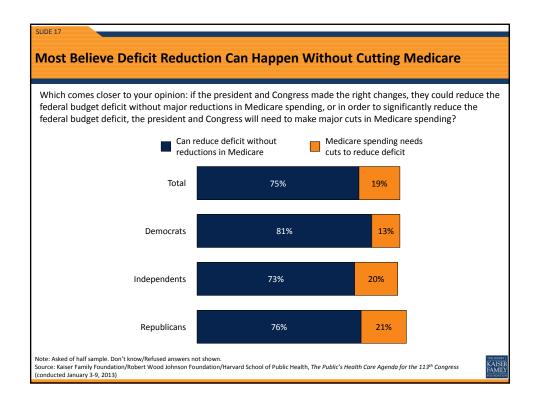
Percent who say they would support "no reductions" to spending for each of the following programs as a way to reduce the federal deficit:

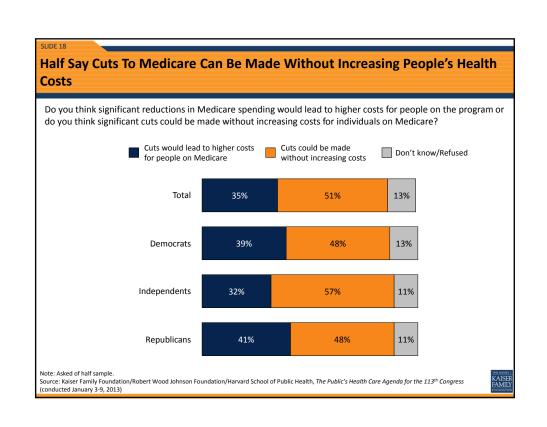
	Democrats	Independents	Republicans
Public education	71%	62%	44%
Medicare	66	56	50
Social Security	66	55	55
Medicaid	59	42	29
Health insurance subsidies	55	36	18
Food stamps	43	24	13
Unemployment insurance	37	20	17
Aid to farmers	34	32	32
Salaries and benefits for federal government workers	23	13	19
National defense	22	30	45
Foreign aid	11	9	2
The conflict in Afghanistan	9	12	14

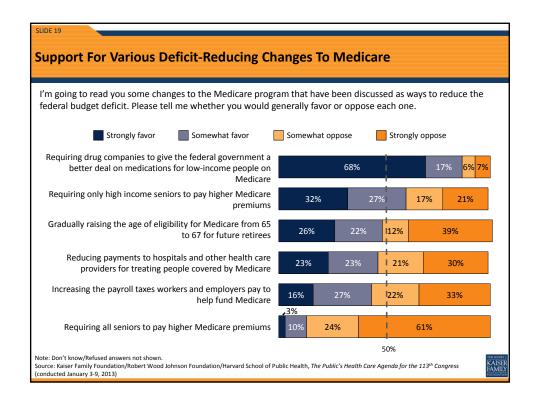
Note: Some items asked of separate half samples.
Source: Kaiser Family Foundation/Robert Wood Johnson Foundation/Harvard School of Public Health, The Public's Health Care Agenda for the 113th Congress (conducted January 3-9, 2013)

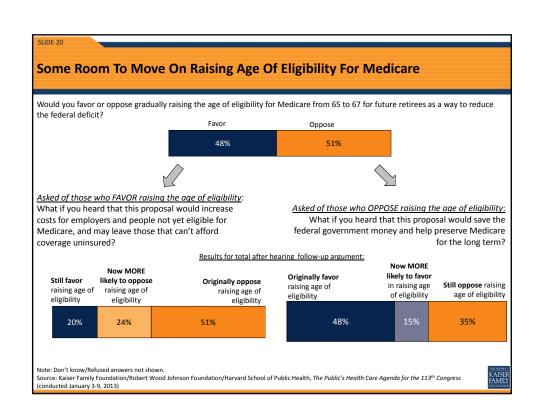
KAISER FAMILY

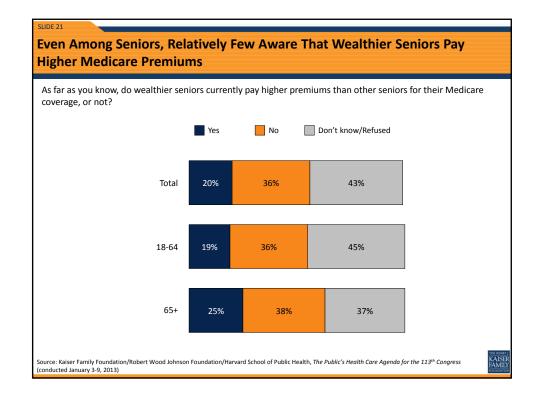


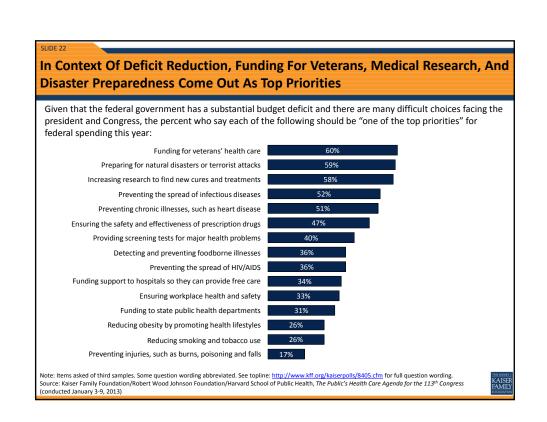


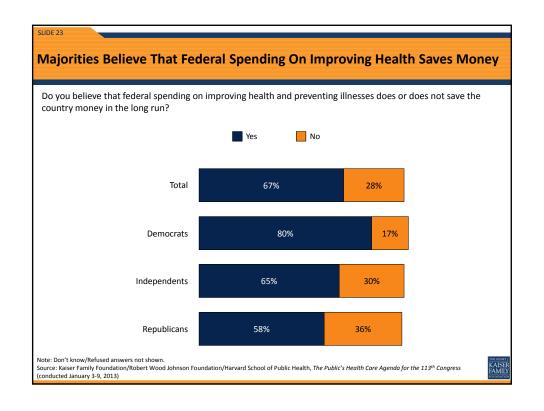


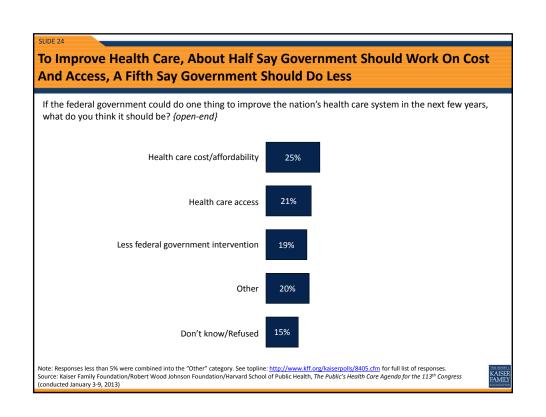


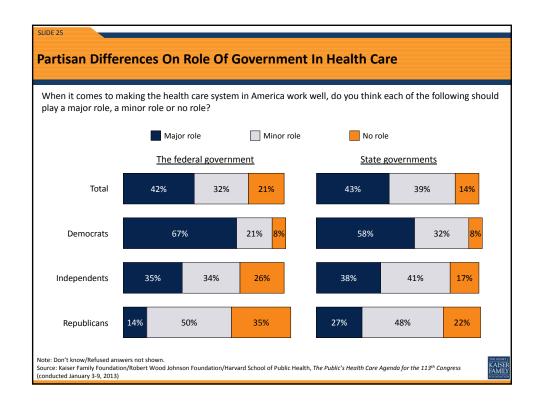


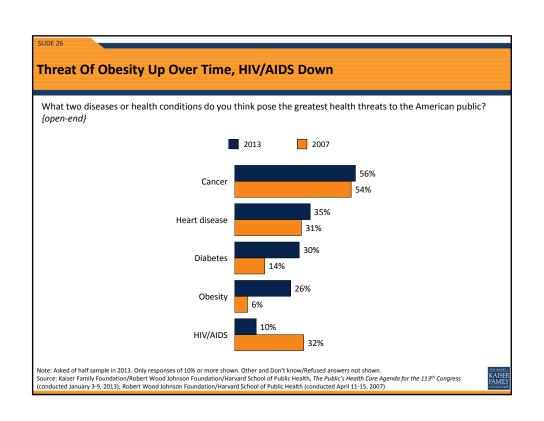












SLIDE 27

Methodology

This Kaiser Family Foundation/Robert Wood Johnson Foundation/Harvard School of Public Health survey, *The Public's Health Care Agenda for the 113th Congress*, was designed and analyzed by public opinion researchers at the Kaiser Family Foundation led by Mollyann Brodie, Ph.D., including Claudia Deane, Bianca DiJulio, Sarah Cho, and Theresa Boston, by Debra Perez, Ph.D., Katherine Hempstead, Ph.D., and David Colby, Ph.D. at the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation, and by Professor Robert Blendon, Sc.D., John Benson and Mandy Brulé at the Harvard School of Public Health. The survey was conducted January 3 through January 9, 2013, among a nationally representative random sample of 1,347 adults ages 18 and older. Computer-assisted telephone interviews conducted by landline (807) and cell phone (540, including 253 who had no landline telephone) were carried out in English and Spanish by Social Science Research Solutions. The combined landline and cell phone sample was weighted to balance the sample demographics to match Census estimates for the national population on sex, age, education, race, Hispanic origin, nativity (for Hispanics only), household size, region, population density, and telephone usage.

All statistical tests of significance account for the effect of weighting. The margin of sampling error including the design effect for the full sample is plus or minus 3 percentage points. Note that sampling error is only one of many potential sources of error in this or any other public opinion poll.

The full question wording and methodology of the poll can be viewed online at: $\frac{\text{http://www.kff.org/kaiserpolls/8405.cfm.}}{\text{http://www.kff.org/kaiserpolls/8405.cfm.}}$





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