# Module 3 Hospital Surveillance for Malaria

Objective: Determine the magnitude of the problem of malaria among pregnant women admitted to the hospital

#### Objectives:

#### Among ALL hospitalized women

- Describe problem of malaria, including severity and occurrence of clinical malaria, through surveillance of both pregnant and non-pregnant women admitted for management of a malariarelated illness
- Determine which can be recommended:
  - IPTp and ITNs or
  - Improved case management and ITNs

#### **Topics**

- A. Eligibility criteria
- B. Surveillance description (questionnaire)
- c. Surveillance team
- D. Assessment team notes
- E. Sample logbook
- F. Data analysis: Key indicators
- G. WHO criteria for severe malaria diagnosis

## **Eligibility Criteria**

- Fill in logbook for all women who are admitted, pregnant or not, with or without malaria, anemia, or other malaria-related illness
- Fill out surveillance form for all women (pregnant and non-pregnant) admitted with malaria or any illness who are being presumptively treated for malaria admitted to:
  - Female internal medicine unit
  - Gynecologic unit
  - Delivery unit
  - Other IPD department

## **Surveillance Timetable**

	Weeks
<ul> <li>Planning surveillance</li> </ul>	2-4
<ul> <li>Pre-surveillance preparations</li> </ul>	2-3
<ul><li>Surveillance training</li></ul>	1
<ul><li>Start-up of surveillance</li></ul>	2
<ul><li>Surveillance</li></ul>	8-9
<ul><li>Post-surveillance</li></ul>	8

#### **Pre-surveillance**

- Select site
- Select time
- Prepare the community
- Hire team or identify staff
- Adapt and translate questionnaire

- Pretest questionnaire
- Identify training site
- Manage logistics of training
- Arrange training

#### **Supplies**

- Laboratory
  - Count-down timer
  - Slides
  - Lancets
  - Isopropyl alcohol
  - Giemsa stain
  - Cotton wool/gauze
  - Slide boxes or tissue
  - Container for used lancets
  - Staining jars
  - Slide drying rack
  - Hair dryer
  - Microscope
  - Immersion oil
  - Lens cleaner
  - Lens cleaning tissue
  - Examination gloves
  - Computer with Epi Info installed

#### Office

- Clipboards
- Pencils
- Pencil sharpener
- Eraser
- Pens
- Ink pad/ ink
- logbook

#### Questionnaire

Woman's name:						
¥						
HOSPITAL MALARIA SURVEILLANCE DATA ABSTRACTION FORM						
Abstracter name Today's Date://						
Interviewer number						
PATIENT DETAILS  1. Age of patient: [ ]						
2. Last menstrual period  Not applicable	_					
3. Pregnant[ ]  YES=1, NO=2, UNKNOWN=3						
3a. If YES, what is the gestational age (weeks)						
3b. If NO, what is the date of the last delivery						
HISTORY OF ILLNESS AND TREATMENT  4. Prior to admission, did the patient have YES=1, NO=2, DON'T KNOW=3:  a. Convulsions						
<ol> <li>Did patient receive any antimalarial treatment in the 7 days before admission [ ] YES=1, NO=2, DON'T KNOW=3</li> </ol>						
If YES, ★mark all that apply         Chloroquine       [ ]         Sulfadoxine-Pyrimethamine (SP)       [ ]         Quinine       [ ]         Artesunate       [ ]         Other       [ ]         (specify and explain):       [ ]						
CURRENT ADMISSION  6. Admitting diagnosis: [  malaria = 1 severe or cerebral malaria = 2 severe anemia = 3 Other = 4 (specify):						

- Note: Tear off woman's name after data entry and verification
- Patient details
- History of illness and treatment

7. Any manifestations of severe or cerebral malaria (**mark all that apply Prostration
Respiratory distress (acidotic breathing)
Multiple convulsions [ ]
Circulatory collapse
Pulmonary oedema (radiological)
Abnormal bleeding [ ] Jaundice
Haemoglobinuria
Severe anemia[ ]
Impaired consciousness
LABORATORY RESULTS 8. Malaria blood film done
YES=1, NO=2
8a. If YES, result
8b. If positive, parasite count:
8b. If positive, species ( <b>≭</b> <i>mark all that apply</i> )    Plasmodium falciparum
9. Hemoglobin/Hematocrit (lowest)
10. Glucose (lowest)
11. Creatinine (highest)
12. Bilirubin (highest)
13. Plasma bicarbonate
14. Mean Cell Volume
15. Lumbar puncture Glucose Protein Cell Count RBC: WBC: WBC differential:
16. Other

- Details on current admission
- Lab results (depending on availability)

TREA	TMENT	
17. Aı	ntimalarial medications given ( <b>≭</b> <i>mark all that apply</i> )	
	Chloroquine [	]
	Sulfadoxine-Pyrimethamine (SP)	Ī
	Quinine	Ī
	Artesunate	j
	Primaguine	i
	Proguanil	í
	Other	i
	(specify and explain):	
18. C	Other therapy given ( <b>≭</b> <i>mark all that apply</i> )	
	Anticonvulsant[	]
	Transfusion of whole blood / packed RBC[ Dextrose (D50)[	]
	Lasix (or other diuretic)	í
	Oxygen	j
	Vitamin K	i
	Other	i
	(specify):	
	HARGE INFORMATION  Voman=s outcome [ Full recovery = 1 Recovered with some residual disability = 2 Died = 3 Unknown = 9	]
	Pregnancy outcome (for pregnant women only):  bid woman deliver[  YES=1, NO=2	]
	20a. If YES, outcome	] ks
	20b. If NO, outcome[ no labor = 1 labor stopped = 2	]
21. Dì	ischarge diagnosis: [ malaria = 1 severe or cerebral malaria = 2 severe anemia = 3 Other = 4 (specify):	]
22. A	dditional comments:	

- Treatment
- Discharge information

#### **Surveillance Team**

- Persons with clinical training
  - Physicians
  - Nurses
  - Midwives



#### **Assessment Team Notes**

- Ask about last menstrual period so as not to miss women early in pregnancy
- Adapt questions about antimalarials to local situation
- Adapt question about lab results to lab tests used in country

# Sample Logbook

Da	ıte	Ward	Newly admitted women (total #)			Number of forms	Comments	
				Total	Preg	Nonpreg	completed	
Da	.te	Int						
		Gyn						
		Deliv ery						
Da	.te	Int						
		Gyn						
		Deliv ery						

## **Key Indicators**

- % of women hospitalized for malaria who are pregnant
- % of pregnant and non-pregnant women admitted to the hospital with malaria, anemia, or severe manifestation of disease
- % of pregnancies with fatal outcome for fetus or mother