

# PREVENTING MATERNAL AND NEWBORN DEATHS Prioritizing Comprehensive Emergency Obstetric and Newborn Care in Tanzania

Rose Mlay, National Coordinator White Ribbon Alliance Tanzania October 19, 2015



#### The Problem

- 8030 women die every year due to complications related to childbirth
- 23% of deaths are caused by severe bleeding
- It takes 2 hours for a woman who is bleeding to die if not attended
- In some regions such as Rukwa it will take 5-7 hours by car to reach a hospital
- Health centres which are nearer to women did not provide life saving services



# The Promise made by Government of Tanzania

50% of health centres provide comprehensive emergency obstetric and newborn care. Among others, this includes safe blood transfusion & C-sections

- One Plan 2008
- Every Woman, Every Child 2011
- •Sharpened One Plan 2014





#### Tanzania with a focus on Rukwa





# Gathering Evidence from Rukwa

- Not one health center was providing CEmONC
- Only 1 was providing blood transfusion
- Only 2 were providing C-sections
- Health centers lacked critical infrastructure, equipment, supplies, and health workers

"There was no electricity in the operating theatre and we used our mobile phones to conduct the C-Section. The mother and baby survived"

"A woman was brought here in shock. We had no blood and we referred her to Namanyele Hospital and she went with a public boat but she died on the way"



#### The Barriers



- 1. Lack of district and regional plans and budget
- 2. Lack of reliable information on availability of CEmONC
- 3. Weak social accountability
- 4. Long distance and lack of reliable transport



# The Campaign



Mobilized citizens and amplified demand for accountability

- 16,500 petition signatures gathered by WRATZ & village health teams
- Activated community leaders to reach out to citizens
- 96 members of parliament signed petitions to demand CEMONC



# The Campaign



#### Supported policymakers to respond to citizen demands

- Provided data and technical assistance to CHMTs
- Persuaded Prime Minister to change budget guidelines
- Reviewed budgets against health facility findings
- Monitored disbursements to districts

All District Councils must "allocate an adequate budget for CEmONC, including operating facilities, a safe blood supply, and adequate equipment and human resources."

— Prime Minister Mizengo Pinda, March 2014





Prime Minister gave directives to all councils to establish a budget line for CEmONC



#### Rukwa Results

District leaders use health facility assessments to plan and budget for CEmONC gaps

Health facilities make improvements; WRATZ monitors progress

50% of health centers in Rukwa provide CEmONC



#### **National Results**

- 169 districts prioritized and allocated specific funds for CEmONC
- National policymakers prioritize MNH in plans and budget
  - > 96 MPs petition for CEmONC
  - Big Results Now Framework
  - > \$48 million USD in new funding for maternal health supplies
- Scaling Up
  - > Conducted assessments in Arusha Region
  - Interest from UNICEF, CARE International & other member organizations to integrate into their plans in other regions



#### Building Blocks of National Success

#### Relationships/ Access

 "Operating with one foot inside the system"

#### Credibility

- Involved in developing targets and priorities
- PGSM
- Leader in Accountability

#### Partnership

- A network with an interest and concern in MNH
- Media –
   leveraging pro
   bono support



# The Impact



"I had a C-section at this facility, near my home. Before 2013, I would go to regional hospital, which is very far and costly"

- 28 year old from Sumbawanga Rural in Rukwa



# The Impact



"I was confident to give birth here at this dispensary, because I knew that in case of a problem they would take me to Laela Health Centre, which have started doing operations and giving safe blood" - Young woman in Rukwa



# The Impact



More women have access to life-saving services that were previously inaccessible

59 women received blood transfusions & C-sections in upgraded facilities.

Entire communities are benefiting from improvements at health centers.